

**AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS**

1-42. (Cancelled)

43. (New): A stereoscopic display device, comprising:

a display panel having first and second pixels for displaying left-eye and right-eye image information, respectively; and

a retardation layer having first and second polarizing cell areas corresponding to the first and second pixels over the display panel, the first and second polarizing cell areas outputting first and second linearly polarized lights, respectively, the first linearly polarized light being substantially perpendicular to the second linearly polarized light.

44. (New): The device according to claim 43, wherein the display panel is a liquid crystal display (LCD) panel.

45. (New): The device according to claim 44, further comprising a polarizer between the LCD panel and the retardation layer, the polarizer integrally formed with the retardation layer.

46. (New): The device according to claim 45, further comprising a transparent substrate on the polarizer.

47. (New): The device according to claim 46, wherein the transparent substrate includes a solvent-proof polymer.

48. (New): The device according to claim 43, wherein the retardation layer includes a chiral dopant.

49. (New): The device according to claim 43, wherein the first and second polarizing cell areas are arranged in alternating lines.

50. (New): The device according to claim 43, wherein the first and second polarizing cell areas are arranged in a checkered pattern.

51. (New): The device according to claim 43, wherein the retardation layer is covered with a protecting polymer.

52. (New): A method for fabricating a stereoscopic display device, comprising:

preparing a display panel having first and second pixels for displaying left-eye and right-eye image information, respectively; and

forming a retardation layer having first and second polarizing cell areas corresponding to the first and second pixels over the display panel by irradiating a light through a mask.

53. (New): The method according to claim 52, further comprising polymerizing the retardation layer by irradiating a light.

54. (New): The method according to claim 52, wherein the display panel is a liquid crystal display (LCD) panel.

55. (New): The method according to claim 54, wherein a polarizer is provided between the LCD panel and the retardation layer, the polarizer integrally formed with the retardation layer.

56. (New): The method according to claim 55, wherein a transparent substrate is provided on the polarizer.

57. (New): The method according to claim 56, wherein the transparent substrate includes a solvent-proof polymer.

58. (New): The method according to claim 52, wherein the retardation layer includes a chiral dopant.

59. (New): The method according to claim 53, wherein the first and second polarizing cell areas are arranged in alternating lines.

60. (New): The method according to claim 53, wherein the first and second polarizing cell areas are arranged in a checkered pattern.

61. (New): The method according to claim 53, wherein the retardation layer is covered with a protecting polymer.